

## Module 13

### The Accessible Home

Participant Booklet

# Module 13 The Accessible Home

#### **PURPOSE**

This booklet will provide an overview of how to make your home accessible, including the benefits and barriers. Caregivers will learn what a home modification is, when and how to make changes to improve accessibility, and what options are available to pay for these changes. Local resources will be listed to aid caregivers in making changes to their home.

#### WHAT YOU WILL LEARN

# After completing this module, participants will be able to:

- 1. Describe what a home modification is and when changes should be made.
- 2. Understand the benefits to making home modifications.
- 3. Describe minor and major modifications.
- 4. Identify barriers to making home modifications.
- 5. Identify resources to make and pay for modifications.
- 6. Understand and use a home safety checklist.

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This module will describe what home modifications are, and help you determine when changes to a home should be made using a home safety checklist. It will also discuss benefits and barriers to home modifications. There are many types of modifications that we will talk about in this module. Making changes to a home can be expensive so we will present ways to pay for these modifications.

**NOTE:** If you are renting a home, you will need to obtain the written consent of the owner/landlord before making modifications.

#### HOME MODIFICATION-WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

- Increasing safety for all family members
- Helping a person remain independent

Describe what a home modification is and when changes should be made.

Notes:			

Changes to a home should be made when a family member cannot get around safely or easily. Ask for advice from experienced people that have already made modifications to their home. Changes can be made to an already existing home you live in, or are planning to live in, or to a new home you are building.

Assistive technology can also make daily living easier. Assistive technology is the topic of Module 12 where it is discussed in detail.

#### HOME MODIFICATIONS ARE MADE BECAUSE OF

- Accident
- Long term disability or illness
- Surgery
- Temporary inability or injury

Changes are often made to a home after a family member has been injured in an accident or a gone through a recent surgery. Sometimes a long term illness will make home modifications necessary.

#### BENEFITS OF HOME MODIFICATIONS

- Prevents accidents and injuries
- Enables independence
- Prevents or postpones going to a nursing home
- Increases quality of life
- Saves money
- May avoid disruption of moving

There are many benefits to modifying your home. Your home will become safer with less likelihood of accident or injury. An accessible home may also help your family member be able to live at home longer. He or she most likely will be happier, healthier, and more independent. If these changes are not made, your family member may have to move to a more costly assisted living center or nursing home.

By staying in their own home, your family member can avoid the disruption and distress of having to move.

Quality of life can be increased by making changes.

Notes:			

What do you think are the benefits of modifying your home?

Caregivers have a number of responsibilities and sometimes it is difficult to take the time to think about home modifications and when they might be needed. To give you an opportunity to think about fall hazards and accessibility issues for your family member, review the Home Safety Checklist on the following page and check those items on the list that may be potential fall hazards or accessibility issues for your family members. You may also wish to consider concerns that may be emerging in the next few months as your family member's sight deteriorates or he or she becomes physically more frail.



## Home Safety Checklist

Created in partnership with the Administration on Aging

Rebuilding Together 1536 16<sup>th</sup> Street NW Washington, DC 20036 800-4-REHAB-9

1. EXTERIOR ENTRAN  ☐ Note condition of wall existence of curb cuts ☐ Note handrail conditio ☐ Note light level for dri ☐ Check door threshold ☐ Note ability to use know peephole, and package ☐ Do door and window	k and drive surface; son, right and left sides veway, walk, porch I height ob, lock, key, mailbox, ge shelf	<ul> <li>□ Chair available with arm rests?</li> <li>□ Able to turn on light, radio, TV, place a phone call from bed, chair, and sofa?</li> <li>6. LAUNDRY</li> <li>□ Able to hand-wash and hang clothes to dry?</li> <li>□ Able to access automatic washer/dryer?</li> <li>7. TELEPHONE AND DOOR</li> </ul>
types; clear width door direction that door sw ☐ Note presence of floo	nreshold, knob and hinge or opening; determine rings	<ul> <li>□ Phone jack location near bed, sofa, chair?</li> <li>□ Able to get phone, dial, hear caller?</li> <li>□ Able to identify visitors, hear doorbell?</li> <li>□ Able to reach and empty mailbox?</li> <li>□ Wears neck/wrist device to obtain emergency help?</li> </ul>
☐ Determine stair flight ☐ Note stair rails: condit ☐ Examine light level, c ☐ Note floor surface tex	run: straight or curved tion, right and left side lutter hazards	<ul> <li>8. STORAGE SPACE</li> <li>□ Able to reach closet rods and hooks, open bureau drawers?</li> <li>□ Is there a light inside the closet?</li> </ul>
drain plugs manageal ☐ Are hot water pipes c	overed?	<ul> <li>9. WINDOWS</li> <li>□ Opening mechanism at 42 inches from floor?</li> <li>□ Lock accessible, easy to operate?</li> <li>□ Sill height above floor level?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>□ Can resident step in/o</li> <li>□ Can resident use bath</li> <li>□ Note toilet height; abi</li> <li>come from sit to stand</li> </ul>	shelf above, below basin but of bath/shower n bench in tub or shower? lity to reach paper; flush; d posture	<ul> <li>10. ELECTRIC OUTLETS AND CONTROLS</li> <li>□ Sufficient outlets?</li> <li>□ Outlet height, wall locations</li> <li>□ Low vision/sound warnings available?</li> <li>□ Extension cord hazard?</li> </ul>
☐ Is space available for	caregiver to assist?	11. HEAT, LIGHT, VENTILATION, SECURITY,
4. KITCHEN	.l. taali limbtiaa	CARBON MONOXIDE, WATER TEMP
<ul><li>☐ Note overall light leve</li><li>☐ Note sink and counte</li></ul>		CONTROL  ☐ Are there smoke/CO detectors and a fire
☐ Note wall and floor st	<u> </u>	extinguisher?
☐ Are undersink hot wa	ter pipes covered?	☐ Thermometer displays easily readable?
☐ Is there under counte		☐ Accessible environmental controls?
<ul><li>☐ Is there a nearby surf</li><li>☐ When removed from</li></ul>		☐ Pressure balance valve available?
☐ Note stove control loc		<ul><li>☐ Note rooms where poor light level exists</li><li>☐ Able to open windows; slide patio doors?</li></ul>
	,	☐ Able to open drapes or curtains?
5. LIVING, DINING, BE		
Chair, sofa, bed heigh standing?	nts allow sitting or	COMMENTS:
☐ Do rugs have non-slip	pad or rug tape?	

#### **Help Prevent Falls.**

1. EXTERIOR ENTRANCES AND EXITS	☐ Create sitting knee clearance under work sites
☐ Increase lighting at entry area	by removing doors or shelves
☐ Install stair rails on both sides	☐ Improve color contrast of cabinet and counters
☐ Install door lever handles; double-bolt lock	surface edges for those with low vision
☐ Install beveled, no step, no trip threshold	☐ Add tactile and color-contrasted controls for
☐ Remove screen or storm door if needed	those with low vision
☐ Create surface to place packages when	5. LIVING, DINING, BEDROOM
opening door	☐ Widen or clear pathways within each room by
☐ Install peephole on exterior door	rearranging furniture
☐ Repair holes, uneven joints on walkway	☐ Secure throw and area rug edges with double-
☐ Provide non-slip finish to walkway surface	sided tape
☐ Add ramp	☐ Improve access to and from chairs and beds by
2. INTERIOR DOORS, HALLS, STAIRS	inserting risers under furniture legs
☐ Create clear pathways between rooms	☐ Use side bed rail or chairs with armrests
☐ Apply color contrast or texture change at top	Install telephone jack near chair or bed
and bottom stair edges	☐ Enlarge lamp switch or install touch-control
☐ Install door lever handle	lamp at bedside
☐ Install swing-clear hinges to widen doorway.	☐ Install adjustable closet rods, shelving and light
minimum width: 32 inches	source for better storage access
☐ Install beveled thresholds (max 1/2 inch)	☐ Install vertical pole adjacent to chair and sofa
☐ Replace or add non-slip surface on steps	☐ Raise furniture to appropriate height using leg
☐ Repair or install stair handrails on both sides	extender products
3. BATHROOM	☐ Install uniform level floor surfaces using wood,
☐ Install swing-clear hinges to widen doorway.	tile or low-pile rugs
minimum width: 32 inches	6. LAUNDRY
☐ Install secure wall reinforcement and place	☐ Build a counter for sorting and folding clothes
grab bars at toilet, bath and shower	☐ Adjust clothesline to convenient height
☐ Install adjustable-height shower head	☐ Relocate laundry appliances
☐ Install non-slip strips in bath/shower	7. TELEPHONE AND DOOR
☐ Secure floor bathmat with non-slip, double-	☐ Install phone jacks near bed, sofa, and chair
sided rug tape	☐ Install peephole at convenient height
☐ Elevate toilet height by adding portable seat or	☐ Install flashing light or sound amplifier to
raising toilet base on a pedestal	indicate ringing doorbell for those with visual or
□ Adapt flush handle or install flush sensor	hearing problems
□ Adapt or relocate toilet paper dispenser	☐ Install mailbox at accessible height
□ Round counter corners to provide safety	8. STORAGE SPACE
☐ Insulate hot water pipes if exposed	□ Install lights inside closet
☐ Create sitting knee clearance at basin by	□ Install adjustable closet rods and shelves
removing vanity door and shelves underneath	□ Install bi-fold or pocket doors
☐ Install mirror for sitting or standing view	9. WINDOWS
☐ Install good-quality non-glare lighting	☐ Install handles and locks that are easy to grip,
☐ Install shower with no threshold if bathing	placed at appropriate heights
abilities are severely limited	10. ELECTRICAL OUTLETS AND CONTROLS
4. KITCHEN	☐ Install light fixtures or outlet for lamps
☐ Increase task lighting at sink, stove, etc.	☐ Install switches at top and bottom of stairs
☐ Install D-type cupboard door handles	11. HEAT, AIR, LIGHT, SECURITY, WATER
☐ Install adjustable shelving to increase access to	TEMP, CARBON MONOXIDE CONTROLS
_ upper cabinets	☐ Install smoke/CO detectors, fire extinguishers
☐ Increase access to under counter storage	☐ Increase residents' access to environmental
space by installing pull-out units	control systems
☐ Insulate hot water pipes if exposed	
☐ Install hot-proof surface near oven	
☐ Install switches and outlets at front of counter	
☐ Install pressure-balanced, temperature-	
regulated, lever faucets	

#### TYPES OF HOME MODIFICATIONS

- Minor
- Major

Minor home modifications can include but are not limited to: lighting, water temperature controls, mobility, storage, flooring, rugs, stairways, and furniture placement. Major home modifications can include but are not limited to: adding a ramp or lift, adding room(s), and widening doorways and entrances.



Making modifications in a kitchen could include lowering counter tops, and changing the direction that a refrigerator door swings. A major change in a bathroom could be making a shower wheelchair accessible or that is separate from the tub.

- Lighting
- Water Temperature Controls
- Mobility

#### Lighting:

- Change bulbs to the maximum wattage
- Add more fixtures where lighting is poor
- Install motion sensor lights
- Install touch or rocker type switches
- Use night lights especially in areas that will be accessed during the night, like hallways and bathroom
- Lower or add light switches
- Investigate and/or purchase other types of lights/lamps

#### Water temperature controls:

- Install devices to control the temperature of the water like anti-scald valves
- Turn the temperature of the hot water heater down so that the water is 120 degrees Fahrenheit or less

#### Strategies to enhance mobility and safety:

- Place electrical cords out of the way so that they are not in the path of travel
- Move furniture so there is a clear pathway
- Ensure chair availability for those who can't walk far
- Remove loose rugs that may cause a fall
- Replace with a non-slip backing rugs
- These may still pose a tripping risk

Install an anti-scald water temperature control device.

#### OTHER MINOR HOME MODIFICATIONS

- Storage
- Flooring & Rugs
- Stairway
- Doors
- Other

#### Flooring and stairways:

- Securely fasten all flooring
- Increase visibility of stairs and uneven floors by using a contrasting color
- Install handrails and make sure stairways are well lit
- It may be necessary to install a non-skid tape to the edge of stairs to prevent slipping
- Low pile carpet or a hard floor covering surface may need to be installed to allow a family member who uses a wheelchair or walker to move around easier

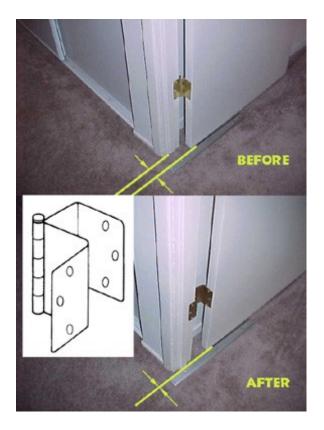
#### **Accessible storage:**

- Move items so that they are easy to reach, placing them no higher than shoulder height or no lower than a person's waist
- Replace drawer and cabinet hardware with handles that are easier to grasp and that don't require twisting or squeezing to open a drawer or cabinet

#### Accessible door and doorway:

- Sometimes to accommodate a wheelchair or a walker, a doorway threshold may need to be lowered or removed to allow easier access for walkers and/or wheelchairs
- To widen a doorway without extensive remodeling a "swingclear-offset door hinge" can replace existing hinges to add a couple of inches to the doorway. They are designed to swing the door clear of the opening

- You may also remove the door and doorjamb stops to increase the opening size
- Install kick plates on the bottom part of the door to protect the door from the footrests on the wheelchair
- A standard interior door is between 30 to 36 inches. Most wheelchairs and walkers need at least 32 to 34 inches minimum clearance



#### **Easier transfers:**

- Increase the height of the bed for making transfers and care of a family member easier by putting supports under the legs
- A lift chair can help someone get up out of a chair independently
- Raising couches and chairs with blocks or bricks creates a higher seat that makes getting up and down much easier
- Bath transfer bench for someone who can't step over the edge of a tub

#### Accessible bathroom and kitchen:

- Install levered handles on faucets
- Install moveable or hand held shower heads
- Use portable shower chairs
- Place non-skid strips or decals in the shower or tub



What minor changes have you made or are you thinking about making in your home? Or what changes have been made by someone you know?

Notes:		

#### MAJOR HOME MODIFICATIONS

- Widen walkways outside
- Widen entrances and doorways
- Install door openers
- Install ramps or lifts



take place for a person to be able to get around their home. These include but are not limited to: widening walkways outside, making entrances and doorways wider, widening hallways, moving or installing light switches, installing ramps or lifts, and remodeling kitchens and/or bathrooms. You can add a bedroom and bathroom on the ground level floor by remodeling an existing room or building an addition onto the home.

**Outside Entries:** Sometimes more extensive changes need to

Sometimes extensive changes need to take place.

Walkways and sidewalks outside the home sometimes need to be widened to allow wheelchairs or walkers to be used on them. Entrances into the home and doorways into the rooms of the home may need to be changed to accommodate wheelchairs and walkers. This can be done by changing the hinges, as mentioned previously, or by remodeling and widening the doorway. The minimum doorway width for a wheelchair is generally 32 inches.

Ramps and lifts: If stairs provide the only way into a house, a ramp or lift may need to be installed. Ramps can be built in permanently or put in place temporarily. A level space both outside and inside each entrance into the home is necessary if a wheelchair will be used in the home. This level space should be at least five feet square.

If the bedroom and bathroom are not on the ground level floor, a lift may need to be installed. Another option would be to convert an existing room into a bedroom and add a bathroom to the ground level floor of the house.

#### OTHER MAJOR HOME MODIFICATIONS

- Widen hallways
- Move or install light switches
- Remodel kitchens and/or bathrooms
- Adding rooms

#### Accessible hallways and entries:

- If possible, hallways should be widened to four feet. This would be a major change and often times impossible if a hallway wall is a bearing wall
- Swinging a door to the outside will provide more space in a room
- Install an automatic or push button door opener



#### **Accessible bathrooms:**

- A shower may need to have a wider opening with little or no threshold to enable access by a wheelchair user or someone who can't step over the edge of a tub
- Counter tops may need to be lowered
- More space may need to be added around toilets
- Automatic faucets, dryers and soap/shampoo dispensers can be helpful if a person has limited hand usage or little upper body strength

#### **Accessible Kitchen:**

- A lazy-susan or pull-out shelving provide easier access to items
- Counter tops may need to be lowered or adjustable
- Floor cabinets can be modified to allow space for footrest on a wheelchair
- A wall oven may need to be installed

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Notes:	
BARRIERS TO	MODIFYING YOUR HOME
	<ul> <li>Lack of money</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Large project</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Difficulty of the project</li> </ul>
	Lack of knowledge
	The lack of money is probably the biggest barrier to modifying
	your home. Remodeling a bathroom or kitchen is a major
	project and can be very costly and difficult. Changing a door
	knob is easier than adding a walk-in shower or installing a ram
	Not knowing how to do something can also be a barrier. One
	person may know how to install a new light switch or add a
	ground fault interrupt outlet. Someone else may not have the
	know how to do those things. That is why it is important to ask
	family and friends for assistance.
What do vou think	k are barriers to making changes in your home?
Notes:	
NOTOS.	

Home modifications are sometimes necessary to enable your family member to remain in their home and to be safe. These changes are sometimes minor and others are more extensive and require a lot of remodeling. There are some possible barriers but hopefully this module has given you ways to overcome them. There are a number of agencies and organizations that can help with making your home more accessible. We hope this training has been useful and informative.

#### RESOURCES TO HELP WITH HOME MODIFICATION

- Assist, Inc.
- State Division of Aging and Adult Services
- Local Area Agency on Aging
- Centers for Independent Living
- Elder Care
- Call 211
- Local home improvement or hardware stores
- Utah Assistive Technology Foundation

There are several organizations and agencies that can help with home modifications. These organizations, including their contact information, are listed below.

There are several agencies that can assist you.

#### **ASSIST Inc**

Assist, Inc. is a non-profit agency in Utah that helps homeowners plan home modifications to accommodate family members with disabilities. Assist, Inc. may visit the home, do an assessment, and give ideas for what modifications might be feasible. The agency also has information, model plans and drawings that can be used by architects and builders.

218 East 500 South Salt Lake City, UT 84111 www.assistutah.org (801)355-7085

#### **Utah Division of Aging and Adult Services**

This division administers a wide variety of home and community-based services for Utah residents who are 60 or older to allow them to remain independent. Programs and services are primarily delivered by a network of 12 Area Agencies on Aging which reach all areas of the state. www.hsdaas.state.ut.us

#### **Area Agencies on Aging**

Area Agencies on Aging provide services, advocacy, assistance and answers to the elderly and their caregivers. Your local area agency on aging can help you find information and may have funding available for home modifications. To find your local area Agency on Aging, visit\_www.utahagingservices.org or call 1-877-424-4640.

#### **Centers for Independent Living (CILs)**

CILs are private, nonprofit corporations that provide services to maximize the independence of individuals with disabilities, and the accessibility of the communities they live in. CILs are funded in part by the Department of Education, Rehabilitation Services Administration, to provide several core services which include advocacy, independent living skills training, information and referral, and peer counseling. There are 6 CILs and 5 satellite centers in Utah with information and some limited funding available for home modifications to low income applicants with disabilities. To find the closest CIL, at www.ilru.org/html/publications/directory/utah.html or call 1-800-473-7530.

#### **Elder Care**

The Eldercare Locator is a public service of the U.S.

Administration on Aging. The Eldercare Locator connects older Americans and their caregivers with sources of information on senior services. Elder Care refers callers to local agencies that handle home modifications.

www.eldercare.gov or call 1-800-677-1116

#### **Dial 211**

Free information and referral line to find resources for health, human and community services.

www.informationandreferral.org or 1-888-826-9790.

#### OTHER RESOURCES

- State Housing Finance Agency
- Utah Assistive Technology Foundation
- Department of Housing and Community Development
- Other

State Housing Finance Agency (Utah Housing Corporation)
The Utah Housing Corporation assists in the creation of affordable housing opportunities for lower-income Utah households. UHC provides mortgage monies to qualifying first time homebuyers.

1-800-284-6950 or visit www.utahhousingcorp.org/indexb2b.html

#### **The Utah Assistive Technology Foundation**

The Utah Assistive Technology Foundation is a\_nonprofit statewide organization that offers low interest loans up to \$7,000 to make your home accessible. 1-800-524-5152 or visit www.uatf.org

# **U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development** 801-538-8723

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, or HUD\_website has lots of information on buying, financing, and remodeling homes.

www.hud.gov/buying www.hud.gov/improvements

# The following agencies and organizations can also help you:

#### National Caregiver Support Program

Fact sheet on home modifications and assistive devices: www.aoa.gov/prof/aoaprog/caregiver/overview/fact.asp

# National Resource Center on Supportive Housing and Home Modification

A university-based, non-profit organization dedicated to promote independent living for persons of all ages and abilities. A National Directory of Home Modification Resources is available at www.homemods.org.

# Infinite Potential through Assistive Technology This website offers many good resources about home modifications including funding ideas. www.infinitec.org/live/index.html

#### **American Association of Retired Persons**

The AARP offers information on universal design, and on making your home safer and more accessible.

www.aarp.org/families/home\_design

#### **Administration on Aging**

The Administration on Aging has a number of fact sheets, including home modifications.

www.eldercare.gov/eldercare/Public/resources/fact\_sheets/ homemod.asp

#### **Lifespan**

Lifespan Home Modifications is a small, progressive company specializing in adapting single-family residences for independent living.

www.homemodification.com/pages/741191/index.htm